

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: 0385-0000-A013
Product Name: LEATHER / VINYL, AEROSOL, ANLINE REPAIR - ALL COLORS
Revision Date: Feb 27, 2018 **Date Printed:** Feb 27, 2018
Version: 1.0 **Supersedes Date:** N.A.
Manufacturer's Name: TOUCH-UP SOLUTIONS
Address: 4372 Providence Mill Rd Maiden, NC, US, 28650
Emergency Phone: 1-800-535-5053 | International : 1-352-323-3500
Information Phone Number: 1-828-428-9094
Fax: 1-828-428-9970
Product/Recommended Uses: Touch up and repair

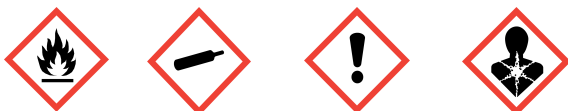
SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1
Aerosols Category 1
Acute toxicity Inhalation - Category 4
Carcinogenicity - Category 1B
Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 3
Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 4
Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4
Carcinogenicity - Category 1A
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Flammables gases - Category 1
Flammable Liquids - Category 4
Gases Under Pressure Liquefied Gas
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B
Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B
Skin Irritation - Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

2.1 Classification

Pictograms



Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Physical

- Extremely flammable gas
- Combustible Liquid
- Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Hazardous Statements - Health

- Harmful in contact with skin
- Harmful if swallowed
- May cause cancer.
- Causes serious eye irritation
- May cause genetic defects.
- May damage fertility or the unborn child (state specific effect if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

- Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements - General

- If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- Keep out of reach of children.
- Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- Wash with water and soap thoroughly after handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements - Response

- IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Specific treatment (see First-aid on this label).
- Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
- Rinse mouth.
- IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Leaking gas fire - do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.
- In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
- In case of fire: Use DRY chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon-dioxide, water spray/fog to extinguish.
- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center.

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000141-78-6	ETHYL ACETATE	23.05%
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	16.03%
0000078-93-3	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	14.97%
0000108-94-1	CYCLOHEXANONE	14.54%
0000108-10-1	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	12.12%
0000075-28-5	ISOBUTANE	6.49%
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	3.04%
0000117-81-7	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	2.42%
0000111-76-2	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	0.59%
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	0.29%

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Inhalation

Take precautions to ensure your own safety (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor, if you feel unwell.

Important symptoms and effects, both acute and chronic

High concentrations of this product may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, loss of consciousness and even death). High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jet.

Special hazards in case of fire

Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperature at or above the flash point.

Flammable components of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface.

Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition at or above the low flash point giving rise to a Class B fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Toxic gases, Hydrogen cyanide, & Nitrogen containing gases.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Fire-Fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Cover spills with suitable inert absorbent like granulated clay and place in sealed chemical waste containers.

Recommended Equipment

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not expose containers to heat, sparks, flame or other sources of ignition.

Ground and bond containers when transferring materials. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard.

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ACETONE	2400	1000				1		590	250			
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	5					1		5a		10a		1
CYCLOHEXANONE	200	50				1		100	25			
ETHYL ACETATE	1400	400				1		1400	400			
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	240	50				1	1	24	5			
ISOBUTANE								1900	800			
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	590	200				1		590	200	885	300	
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	410	100				1		205	50	300	75	
PROPANE	1800	1000				1		1800	1000			
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER								360	100	540	150	

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations
ACETONE		250		500	A4	CNS	A4; BEI

						impair; URT & eye irr	
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	5				A3	LRT irr	A3
CYCLOHEXANONE		20		50	A3	Eye & URT irr	Skin; A3
ETHYL ACETATE	1440	400				URT & eye irr	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	97	20			A3	Eye & URT irr	A3; BEI
ISOBUTANE		1000				CNS impair	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	590	200	885	300		URT irr; CNS & PNS impair	BEI
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE		20	307	75	A3	URT irr; dizziness; headache	A3; BEI
PROPANE		See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content				Card sens; CNS impair	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER		50		100	A4	Eye & URT irr	A4

(C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, card - cardiac, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, PNS - Peripheral nervous system, sens - sensitization, URT - Upper respiratory tract

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Summary

See below

Physical and Chemical Properties

% Solids by Vol	
Density	6.83 lb/gal
Density HAPS	0.69 lb/gal
Density VHAPS	0.69 lb/gal
Density VOC	5.31 lb/gal
lb HAPS/gal Solid	lb/gal
lb HAPS/lb Solid	lb/lb
lb VHAPS/gal Solid	lb/gal
lb VHAPS/lb Solid	lb/lb
lb VOC/gal Solid	lb/gal
lb VOC/lb Solid	lb/lb
Specific Gravity	0.82
% HAPS	10.12%
% Solids By Weight	0.00%
% VHAPS	10.12%
% VOC	77.69%

Appearance	N/A
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Odor Description	Viscous liquid with an odr characteristic of the solvents listed in Section 2.
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Odor Threshold	N/A
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	156 °F
Lower Explosion Level	2.2
Upper Explosion Level	12.8
Low Boiling Point	N/A
High Boiling Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Freezing Point	N/A
Vapor Density (Air =1)	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
pH	N/A
Water Solubility	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Decomposition Pt	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, hydrogen cyanide, nitrogen containing gases.

Stability

Stable in normal conditions

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, alkalies and amines.

Strong oxidizing agents. Acetone may form explosive mixtures with chromic anhydride, chromyl alcohol, hexachloromelamine, hydrogen peroxide, peroxymonosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide, and thioglycol.

Hazardous reactions/polymerization

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid flame, spark, heat and contact with incompatible materials.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely route of exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Can be absorbed through the skin but exposure must be extensive before adverse health effects occur.

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin, which may result in skin dermatitis and irritation.

Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive Toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child (state specific effect if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard)

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aspiration Hazard

No Data Available

Acute Toxicity

Ingestion of this product may cause central nervous system effects, which may include dizziness, loss of balance/coordination, unconsciousness, coma, and even death.

Harmful in contact with skin

Harmful if swallowed

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

0000078-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, eyes, respiratory system, skin. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause any of the following: conjunctivitis, dermatitis. High concentrations have caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

0000107-98-2 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: kidneys, liver. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

0000108-10-1 METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, respiratory disease, eye disorders, pulmonary conditions, skin disorders. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: dryness, cracking of the skin, defatting. Inhalation may cause any of the following: dizziness, stupor (central nervous system depression), drowsiness, respiratory tract irritation.

0000108-94-1 CYCLOHEXANONE

Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Liquid splashes in the eye may result in chemical burns. Tests for mutagenic activity in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures have been inconclusive.

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause injury to the kidneys, liver, blood and/or bone marrow. Repeated overexposure may result in damage to the blood. Eye contact may cause corneal injury. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

0000141-78-6 ETHYL ACETATE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: eyes, respiratory system, skin. Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver.

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 5800 mg/kg (24)

LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 mg/kg (32,unconfirmed)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

0000075-28-5 ISOBUTANE

LC50 (mouse, inhalation): 520,000 ppm (52%); 2-hour exposure.(4)

0000078-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE
LC50 (male rat): 11,700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (3)
LC50 (male rat): 11,300 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 23.5 mg/L (7,990 ppm) (8-hour exposure) (4)
LD50 (oral, adult male rat): 2,740 mg/kg; cited as 3.4 mL/kg (1)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 5,000 mg/kg (29)

0000107-98-2 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
LC50 (rat): 15000 ppm; 4-hr exposure (2)
LC50 (guinea pig): 15000 ppm; 10-hr exposure (2)
LD50 (oral, rat): 6.6 g/kg (5.2-7.5 g/kg) (10)
LD50 (oral, mouse): 10.7-10.8 g/kg (2,12)
LD50 (oral, dog): 4.6-5.5 g/kg (2); approximately 9.2 g/kg (2)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 5.2-5.3 g/kg (2,12)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 13-14 g/kg (10)

0000108-10-1 METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE
LC50 (rat): 2000 - 4000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (1)
LD50 (oral, rat): 2,080 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, male mouse): 1,200 mg/kg; cited as 1.5 mL/kg (3)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 3000 mg/kg (9)

0000108-94-1 CYCLOHEXANONE
LC50 (rat): 2639 ppm (4-hour exposure) (1)
LD50 (oral, female rat): 1340 mg/kg (cited as 1.41 mL/kg) (1)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 950 mg/kg (cited as 1.00 mL/kg) (1)

0000111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER
LC50 (female rat): 450 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)
LC50 (male rat): 486 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2)
LD50 (oral, male weanling rat): 3000 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, 6-week old male rat): 2400 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, yearling male rat): 560 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, female rat): 530 mg/kg; 2500 mg/kg (1) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 1230 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 320 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (dermal, male rabbit): 406 mg/kg (cited as 0.45 mL/kg) (1)

0000117-81-7 BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE
LD50 (oral, rat): 30 gm/kg
LD50 (oral, mouse): 1500 mg/kg

0000141-78-6 ETHYL ACETATE
LC50 (rat): 19600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 16000 ppm (6-hour exposure) (10)
LC50 (mouse): 10600 ppm (38100 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (3-hour exposure) (8)
LD50 (oral, rat): 10200 mg/kg (cited as 11.3 mL/kg) (7); 5600 mg/kg (5,13)
LD50 (oral, mouse): 4100 mg/kg (11)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 4900 mg/kg (9)
LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 5500 mg/kg (11)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 18000 mg/kg (cited as 20 m

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life

Bio-accumulative Potential

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Does not bioaccumulate

Persistence and Degradability

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information

See 49CFR 172.101 for Special Provisions, Packaging, and QTY Limitations.

Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

IMDG Information

Marine Pollutant: No data available.

Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

IATA Information

Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Compressed Gas, Flammable, N.O.S., 2.1, UN 1950 (CONTAINS)

* See 49CFR 172.101 for Special Provisions, Packaging, and QTY Limitations.

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0000141-78-6	ETHYL ACETATE	23.05%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	16.03%	SARA312,TSCA
0000078-93-3	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	14.97%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_TAC_TOX,CA_TOX
0000108-94-1	CYCLOHEXANONE	14.54%	SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA
0000108-10-1	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	12.12%	SARA313, SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_TAC_TOX,CA_TOX,CA_Carcinogen
0000075-28-5	ISOBUTANE	6.49%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000074-98-6	PROPANE	3.04%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000117-81-7	BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHTHALATE	2.42%	SARA313, SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,NTP_Carcinogen - National Toxicology Program Carcinogens,TSCA,CA_TAC_TOX,CA_TOX,CA_Carcinogen
0000111-76-2	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	0.59%	SARA313, SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_TAC_TOX,CA_TAC_Carcinogen,CA_TOX
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	0.29%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_TOX

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

OTHER

Part 1: The information contained in this MSDS was obtained from current and reliable sources, however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy.

Part 2: Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of Touch-Up Solutions LLC. Touch-Up Solutions LLC will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use.

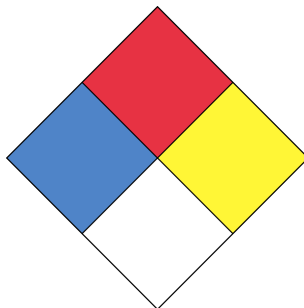
Part 3: No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this MSDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this MSDS.

Part 4: Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this MSDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

HMIS

Health	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	4
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	B

NFPA



(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

DISCLAIMER

Touch-Up Solutions, Inc. to the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.